







John Hancock Investment Management



Today's Presenting Sponsor







Cash Balance Plans

Benefits, Implementation and Management





What We'll Cover

Cash Balance Basics

How Cash Balance Plans Work

Plan Design and Administration

Investment Strategies

Managing a Plan Through a Business Hardship



Why Cash Balance?

- 33% of all ERISA pension plans are cash balance plans (\$1 trillion in assets)¹
- Greater retirement savings potential
- Reduced current tax obligation
- Predictable
- Age-neutral cost for employees in the plan
- Easy to understand for employees
- Portable





Cash Balance Plan Advantages

- Much higher contribution limits than a DC plan
 - For a 55-year old the limit is \$207,900, in addition to the \$63,500 DC plan limit.
- Significant tax savings opportunity
- Additional tax savings can more than offset additional employee costs.
- Combined plan nondiscrimination testing can significantly leverage the total employer contribution (CB + PS) towards the owner or favored group.





Best Candidates for Cash Balance Plans



Business owners who:

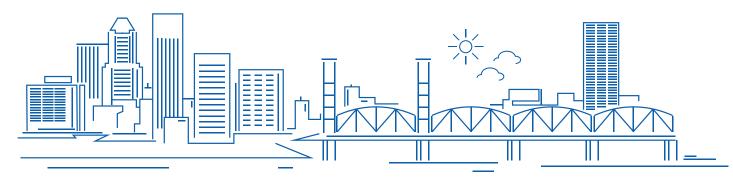
- want to increase their annual tax-deductible contributions.
- are over age 50.
- have high compensation (\$280,000).



Best Candidates for Cash Balance Plans

Businesses that have:

- a professional workforce (doctors, dentists, lawyers, financial advisors, etc.).
- some younger rank and file employees (under age 35).
- no more than 10 15 employees per owner.
- consistent profits year to year.
- contributions of 5%+ to employees in 401(k) plan
- a new comparability 401(k) plan





How Cash Balance Plans Work



Consider this Example

- Hybrid defined benefit plan with the participant's benefit defined as an account balance.
- Cash Balance Account:

Beg. Balance + Interest Credit + Contribution Credit = Ending Balance

	Beginning Balance	Interest Credit	Pay Credit	Distribution	Adjustments	Ending Balance F		Vested ————————————————————————————————————
. Owner								
Cash Balance								
Cash Balance	306,000.00	12,240.00	150,000.00	0.00	0.00	468,240.00	100	468,240.00
Grand Total:	\$306,000.00	\$12,240.00	\$150,000.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$468,240.00		\$468,240.00

 A participant's lump sum distribution equals the CB account balance. No government interest rates / adjustments required - not subject to IRC Section 417(e).



Funding

- Accounts are solely employer funded
- No individual participant brokerage accounts
- Defined benefit plan IRS funding rules apply





Cash Balance Plan Contribution ("Pay Credit")

- Typically a percent of pay or a flat dollar amount
- Participant is typically required to work 1000 hours in the plan year
- Pay credits can be credited monthly, quarterly, annually
- Contribution formula for owners and employees determined during plan design
- Can be amended





401(k) and Cash Balance Plans Integration

Cash Balance & 401(k) Profit Sharing Plans 2020 Contribution Limits

	Cash			Potential Tax
Age	Balance	401(k)/Profit Sharing*	Total	Savings**
70	\$297,500	\$63,500	\$361,000	\$151,620
65	\$277,000	\$63,500	\$340,500	\$143,010
62	\$294,800	\$63,500	\$358,300	\$150,486
60	\$266,800	\$63,500	\$330,300	\$138,726
55	\$207,900	\$63,500	\$271,400	\$113,988
50	\$162,100	\$63,500	\$225,600	\$94,752
45	\$126,400	\$57,000	\$183,400	\$77,028
40	\$98,700	\$57,000	\$155,700	\$65,394



^{*\$19,500 401(}k) \$6,500 401(k) Catch-up if age 50+ \$37,500 Profit Sharing

^{**} Tax savings estimate based on a 42% combined rate for Federal and state taxes. Taxes are deferred.

Plan Design Considerations



What to Consider

- Multiple owners: Individual owners can decide on different contribution levels, including \$0
- Certain employees or employee groups may be excluded.
- Questions for owners:
 - How much would you like to contribute annually in a "normal" year?
 - How much can you commit to if you had a "down" year?



Nondiscrimination Testing

- Employees typically need a pay credit contribution between 2.5% -3.5% of pay to pass IRC 401(a)(26) – participation and meaningful benefits.
- Combo plan arrangement Cash balance plans that significantly favor (\$) a specific group (owners, management, etc.) are typically combined with the 401(k)/PS plan in order to pass nondiscrimination testing for the benefits provided. The employee cost is less expensive due to testing advantages.
- Employees typically need 5% 7.5% profit sharing to pass combo plan testing. Includes 3% safe harbor.



Interest Crediting Rate Options

- A fixed rate of up to 6%
- A Treasury yield rate (ex. 30-year Treasury bond rate)
- Actual rate of return on the plan assets
- Interest credit is part of a participants benefit and is therefore guaranteed by the employer
- Low interest crediting rate discussion with owners





Investment Strategies for Cash Balance Plans

Fixed Interest Credit Strategies



Interest rates go up.
Projected balance at retirement is unchanged; liability goes down.



Interest rates go down.

Projected balance at retirement is unchanged; liability goes up.

- Interest rate risk is primary risk to contribution volatility
- Set plan up with low interest credit
- Invest conservatively to target interest credit
 - Stable Value / Money Market
 - High quality corporate bonds
 - STRIPS
 - Treasuries

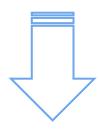


Investment Strategies for Cash Balance Plans

Floating Interest Credit Strategies



Interest rates go up.
Projected balance at retirement goes up; present value factors go down.



Interest rates go down.

Projected balance at retirement goes down; present value factors go up.

- Interest rate exposure reflects net impact of discount rates and crediting rates
- Funded status more complicated
- Perfect portfolio would address interest rate, credit spread and crediting rate risks
 - Stable Value / Money Market
 - High quality corporate bonds
 - STRIPS
 - Treasuries
 - Interest rate derivatives



401(k) and Cash Balance Plans Integration

								Tax Sav	vings
	Age	Total Comp	Plan Comp	401(k)	Profit Sharing	Cash Balance	Total Contribution	w/CB	w/o CB
Owner	60	600,000	280,000	25,000	37,000	250,000	312,000	131,040	26,040
Owner	55	600,000	280,000	25,000	37,000	160,000	222,000	93,240	26,040
Owner Total		1,200,000	560,000	50,000	74,000	410,000	534,000	224,280	52,080
Employee	50	125,000	125,000	10,000	9,375	3,125	22,500	9,450	8,138
Employee	50	100,000	100,000	5,000	7,500	2,500	15,000	6,300	5,250
Employee	44	80,000	80,000	4,000	6,000	2,000	12,000	5,040	4,200
Employee	37	65,000	65,000	3,250	4,875	1,625	9,750	4,095	3,413
Employee	32	60,000	60,000	3,000	4,500	1,500	9,000	3,780	3,150
Employee Total		430,000	430,000	25,250	32,250	10,750	68,250	28,665	24,150
Total		1,630,000	990,000	75,250	106,250	420,750	602,250	252,945	76,230

7.50% of pay total contribution rate to employees Tax rate of 42% combined Federal and State



Cash Balance Plan with 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan Owner's Annual Contribution Flexibility

Cash Balance Plan			
Not Discretionary			
Pay Credit			
\$100,000			

401(k) / Profit Sharing Plan					
Not Discretionary	Discretionary	Discretionary			
3% Safe Harbor*	Profit Sharing	401(k) Deferral			
\$0	\$37,500	\$26,000			

Total
All
Sources
\$163,500

Discretionary

Not Discretionary

\$63,500 \$100,000

*Safe Harbor to NHCE's only.

Total

\$163,500





Freezing Pay Credits and New Entrants

- Typically eliminates most if not all of the annual contribution requirement.
- Cannot freeze guaranteed interest credits. The cash balance accounts continue to grow with interest.
- Plan amendment required. 15-day advance participant notice (45 days for large plan).
- Once a participant has worked 1,000 hours in the plan year they have earned their pay credit contribution for the year
- Plan still subject to all annual administration requirements
- Combo plans will need combined plan nondiscrimination testing if any benefits are earned during the year in the cash balance plan.



Terminating the Plan

- Reasons to Terminate:
 - Increasing contribution costs
 - Adverse business conditions
 - Retirement of owner
 - Sale / merger of business
- PBGC covered plan needs to be 100% funded (i.e., assets at least equal to total cash balance accounts).
- Non-PBGC covered plans may be able to reduce benefits on a pro-rata basis per the plan (IRS) provisions.





Terminating the Plan

- All participants must be made 100% vested.
- Advance written notice to participants required.
- Must file plan termination with the PBGC (if plan covered by PBGC).
- May file the plan termination with the IRS request a favorable determination letter (FDL).
- All participants with a lump sum greater than \$5,000 must be offered all distribution options, including annuity. It is rare that an annuity is selected by active or terminated vested participants.
- If plan has retirees receiving payments, annuities are purchased.
- Annuities can be significantly more expensive than the lump sum (approx. 20% increase).
- Cash balance interest credits apply until assets distributed. If variable crediting rate, use 5-year average.



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Questions?





Thank you!

